It Is Equal

To finding money to buy one of our CHILDREN'S \$6 and \$7 KNEE-PANTS SUITS that we are selling for

\$3.98

As there is a saving of from \$2 to \$3 on every suit. Don't forget that the pants of these suits are the "Never Rip," with double seat, knees and seams. This chance won't | One Striker Killed, Two Fatally last always.

THE WHEN

MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO., Importers, Jobbers 93, 95, 97 and 99 South Meridian St.,

(Wholesale Exclusively.)

OFFER FOR PROMPT DELIVERY

100,000 Grain Bags

GLOBE HEADACHE CAPSULES

The greatest selling Headache Remedy in Indian-

apolis. Potter's Pharmacy, North Peonsylvania street, has sold OVER SEVEN HUND SED BOTTLES.

Get them of Thornburg, Schwartz, Potter, Pome roy, Huder and other druggists.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

Best made Ask your Grocer.

GOT CHEROKEE FUNDS

EXPRESS AGENT AT FORT GIBSON

ROBBED BY MASKED MEN.

Third Affair by Indian Territory

Desperadoes That Has Taken Place

Within a Few Days.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 10 .- The rail-

Gibson, I. T., were held up and robbed by

night. The exact amount of money secured

by the robbers is not known, but it will

probably aggregate a large sum, as it is

thought the express packages stolen con-

tained big money. A great deal of the

cash paid to the Cherokees at Tahlequah

has been shipped by express from Fort

Gibson. It is known that \$600 in cash was

secured, \$100 of which belonged to the Kan-

sas & Arkansas Valley railroad. Two

masked men entered the station and at

the point of Winchesters compelled H. S.

Gibson, the railroad and express agent, to

unlock the safe, threatening to blow his

head off if he did not obey their command.

the agent of his valuables, securing be-

sides \$000 in cash, all the valuable express

packages in the office and several watches

and other jewelry. Peck Bruner, the most

noted and daring deputy marshal in the

Territory, was in the vicinity of Fort Gib-

son and at once organized a posse and

started on horseback in pursuit of the rob-

This is the second time the station at

Fort Gibson has been robbed in six months.

The men who perpetrated the former rob-

ing trial. There is no clew to the perpetra-

tors of last night's robbery, but it was not

wholly unexpected, as it was known that

the big Cherokee payment now in progress

at Tahlequah would attract the toughvele-

ment to that section. More trouble is ex-

Admission by Bill Dalton's Widow.

wife of Bill Dalton, the notorious outlaw,

to-day admitted that her late husband was

the leader in the Longview bank robbery.

The latest other members of the gang were

Tom Littleton, Jim Wallace and Charles

White, alias Jim Jones. Jim Wallace, who

brother of Houston Wallace, where Dalton

was stopping when killed. Charles Benja-

arrived here to-day and identified the re-

mains as those of Bill. Officers of the Long-

view Bank also identified Dalton as the

man who presented the letter of introduc-

ANTI-CIGARETTE LEAGUE.

The "Fiends" All Over the World Will

Be Asked to Reform.

CHICAGO, June 10 .- At a large gather-

ing of the enemies of vice, and particu-

larly of cigarettes, in this city, this after-

noon, steps were taken for an organized

fight against the "papered" weed. As a re-

sult of the meeting the National Anti-cigar-

ette Association was formed, which is

planned for a world-wide institution. It is

formed under the auspices of the National

Missionary Evangelical Association, and

steps will at once be taken to spread the

new society all over the country. The offi-cers of the association for the first year

are: President, Mrs. E. V. Waite; vice pres-

ident, M. L. Cunningham; secretary, Mrs.

M. H. Patterson; national organizer and treasurer, Mrs. M. E. Gilmore. An indorse-

ment of the City Council's boycott on

drugged cigarettes was voted, with the pro-

test appended that all cigarettes, drugged

or otherwise, are poisonous, and their man-ufacture should be suppressed.

MRS. SHATTUCK GETS LIFE.

Verdict Against the Chorus Girl's Mother

Who Murdered Harry Poole.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.-Mrs. Jane

Shattuck has been sentenced to prison for

life for the murder of Harry G. Poole, a

well-known young man, about four months

since. Poole had been paying attention to

Miss Shattuck, a chorus girl in the Chicago

Extravaganza Company. Her mother shot

Poole in her own apartments because he

refused to marry her daughter imme-

Headache, Torpid Liver, Costiveness.

Simmons Liver Regulator, by its mild,

cathartic properties, relieves the bowels

from obstructions and cleanses the sys-tem of all impurities without sickening or

tion to the cashier.

min Dalton, the eldest of the Dalton boys,

was shot and killed at Longview, is

ARDMORE, I. T., June 10 .- Mrs. Dalton,

pected before the payment is concluded.

now in Jan in Port Smith await.

Controlling in this market the following favorably known brands: Franklinsville, Cumberland, Rock City,

Nashville. Naomi Falls, Etc. Prices are lower than ever previously known in the history of the trade

BIG 4 ROUTE

CONCORDIA SOCIETY Annual Excursion to Terre Haute

Sunday, June 17.

Special train will leave Indianapolis Union Station at 8 a. m. sharp, and leave Terre Haute returning at 8 p. m. sharp. The Concordia Society and the Schwabian Verein, of Terre Haute, will have a picnic at Forest Park, and the excursion train will stop at the park both going and re-

\$1.75 FOR THE ROUND TRIP. Children under twelve years of age, 90 cents. For tickets and further information call at Big Four Offices, No. 1 East Washington street, 36 Jackson Place and Union Station, or on the committee, Oscar Bar-thel, 540 East Washington street; William C. Schmidt, Excelsior Laundry, Masonic Building; Chris Warweg, corner Watts and Clifford avenues; L. Stoeling, 141 South Meridian street; E. J. Hoffman, 15 Union street. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R. R., With their CAFE DINING CAR SERVICE, and FIVE Trains each way, daily, is the most de lightful route between

Indianapolis and Cincinnati. If you want to enjoy comfort and luxury, take this SUPERB ROUTE, Ticket Office, corner Illinois street and Kentucky avenue.

Monon Route

(Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.) The Vestibuled Pullman Car Line

LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS. No. 30-Chicago Limited, Pull-man Vestibuled Coaches, Parlor and Dining Cars, daily 11:50 a. m. Pullman Vestibuled Coaches

daily except Sunday 4:00 p. m. ARRIVE AT INDIANAPOLIS. 33-Vestibule, daily...... 3:55 p. m. 35-Vestibule, daily....... 3:25 a. m. 9-Monon Accommodation, Pullman Vestibule Sleeper for Chicago stands at west end Union Station and can be taken at 8:30 p. m. daily.

For further information call at Union Ticket Office, corner Illinois street and Kentucky avenue, and Union Station, and I. D. BALDWIN, D. P. A. OANS

The Indianapolis Warehouse Company WAREHOUSEMEN, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

ROB'T MARTINDALE & CO.,

84 East Market street.

Money advanced on consignments. Registered receipts given. Nos. 265 to 273 SOUTH PENNSYL NANIA STREET. Telephone 1343.

ACME MILLING CO.'S

Columbia Flour. BEST IN THE MARKET.

SMUGGLED FOR SWEETHEARTS. Customs Officials Seize a Few Sailors'

Curios from China.

NEW YORK, June 10 .- The customs officials at the barge office were notified today that men in the United States frigate Lancaster, now lying off Staten island, had been caught smuggling dutiable goods. The ship has just returned from China, and the sailors brought home many curios for their sweethearts and wives. Some of these articles are liable to duty, and the Richmond county customs officers seized them. A few dozen cigars were also seized, but they are such that no one but a sailor can smoke. The blue jackets will probably be allowed to take away the curios without the payment of duty. The cigars will be confis-

THE SUN DANCE.

Montana Court Continues Injunction Against Governor's Interference.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., June 10 .- The motion to dismiss the injunction against Governor Rickard's interference with the sun dance of the Crees was overruled at last night's session of the District Court. and he and the local authorities are cited to appear on Monday to show cause why the injunction shall not be made permanent, It is thought that the Interior Department's expression of opinion will help to secure the injunction. A paper indorsing the dance has been signed here by the city officials and over two hundred other prominent citi-

Another Battle with Striking Slavs in the Coke Region.

Handful of Officers Attacked and Forced to Return the Fire to Save Their Lives.

BLOODY AFFAIR AT LEMONT

Hurt and a Number Wounded.

Miners Burning Bridges in Ohio-Train Fired Into Near Streator, Ill .-Colorado's S.tuation.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., June 10 .- The truce is ended, and armed deputies in the coke region had to kill or be killed. One striker killed in his boots, two others dying and another shot through is the result of the battle this morning at Lemont. There were six deputies on one side and a mob of strikers on the other. Unbiased testimony is to the effect that the mob not only provoked, but compelled the deputies to fire on them after the strikers had compelled them to retreat and had fired several shots The circumstances that led up to this

latest of the many tragedies of the coke region were developing since yesterday afternoon. Four American workmen-John Delaney, Oliver Atleby, John Britt and James Furlough-who live at Leisenring, have been working at the Frick Coke Company's valley works for some time. They came to New Haven yesterday afternoon, where they were to take the Leisenring electric road for home, where they had not been for a month. As soon as they alighted from the train at New Haven they were surrounded by a mob of several hundred strikers from Trotter and other works in the vicinity. The strikers first beat the four workmen, and then put tags on them bearing the inscription "Blacklegs," also covering them with chalk marks. They then marched their prisoners to the Leisenring works, and from there to Trotter, Morrell, and, in fact, to all the works on the line from New Haven south, holding them up as decorated samples of "scabs" for the revilings and abuse of strikers everywhere. The four prisoners were subjected to all manner of insults and indignities to such an extent that many of the more rational strikers protested that it was cruel and cowardly for so many men to assail four helpless fellows in that way.

ABUSED NONUNION MEN. The Frick Coke Company heard of the perilous position their workmen were in, and called on Sheriff Wilhelm to release the men from the custody of the mob. Field Deputy Matt Allen and six men were sent to New Haven on the evening train. They were misled by false information, the friends of the strikers baffling them at every turn, but they followed every clew road station and express office at Fort | they could find, and were scouring the country all night in search of the mob. two masked men about 11:30 o'clock last They were tricked by the fact that the whole matter was a conspiracy, in which different mobs were concerned, and when one crowd had tired of the prisoners or were pressed closely by the pursuit the four prisoners were handed over to another crowd and the former gathering would disperse to their homes. The prisoners were especially ill-treated when their captors marched them to the strikers' homes, where the women and children slapped and spat upon them and called them vile names. The women at every plant they passed were the most violent in the abuse of the "scabs," and the little children screamed "Blacklegs" at them and struck After rifling the safe the robbers relieved

It was daylight when the squad of deputies reached Lemont. They had been joined by Superintendent Slater, of the Leisinring plant, who had helped in the all-night hunt. Not long after daylight the men began to assemble on the commons by the hundred, and engaged in the wildest demonstration. When Deputies Michaels and Hastings came from under cover they were quickly discovered. Then the mob raised a howl and surrounded them. Many of the strikers . had revolvers, and all carried clubs. They moved against the deputies, who retreated under a shower of clubs and stones. At this juncture Deputy Allen and three other deputies came up. Allen was mounted. Riding up to the advancing crowd of miners, want any trouble and that there would be trouble if he or his men were attacked or

The answer to Allen was a general yell, and one of the strikers covered him with his pistol and fired. The shot was a close shave for the top of Allen's head. Allen turned in his saddle and called to his five men to fire. Each of the men afoot had a Winchester; Allen had two revolvers. They opened fire together and the strikers stood to it and fought gamely. The first shots were fired by them and they fired as coolly and as rapidly as did the deputies. They kept closing in on the men who were working the Winchesters, realizing that the rifles would be useless in the melee at close quarters, while their own revolvers would be just as effective as those of the officers. The deputies gave ground, but kept up their fire. They were driven to the extreme end of the company's ground, where they made a stand By that time three of the strikers were down, and when the deputies stopped and prepared to fight it out there the mob re-

NUMBER WOUNDED UNKNOWN. The instant the strikers stopped firing the officers stopped also, glad enough to have things go that way. The strikers began at once to carry away the wounded. The dead man and two who were fatally wounded were left in the road where they fell, but there were others who were able to get away with a little assistance. There were so many shots fired at close range, the firing being continued for a quarter of an hour, that a number of the strikers must have been hit. The number of wounded may not be known for several days, as they will be concealed where concealment is possible. Allen estimates that fifty or sixty shots were fired by both sides. It was not strictly a battle of bullets, as those of the strikers who were not armed were busy throwing stones. The only injuries inflicted to the deputies were by such missiles. Sheriff Richardson sent Deputies Richards and Allebach to the scene, and ten deputies arrived from the valley about the same The force was soon increased to twenty men, each with a Winchester. The last of the strikers lingering at a safe distance then dispersed, leaving the authorities in possession. No move was made to care for the wounded. Late to-night the two Slavs most seriously wounded were taken to the Cottage Hospital at Connellsville for treatment. They are fatally wounded, being shot through the hips. ville for treatment. Dr. Smith, who attended them, says they can live but a short time. At dark the man who was killed was still lying where he fell, and a canvas had been stretched over him. Coroner Batton said he would

view the bodies to-morrow. The sheriff and his attorney will ask for a full investigation. The names of the dead and wounded cannot be learned as yet. Nobody but the strikers know them. Their names are on the records of the the letter he wrote in May, 1851, suggesting generally observed to-day. One hundred mcClure company, but they were not the organization of the American branch available, as the company refused to give of the association. The Rev. Thomas Dix-

out any information in connection with the affair. They are all Slavs. The man instantly killed was shot through the breast. Another man was shot through the arms, but his wounds are not dangerous. He was among the number arrested and placed in jail. The deputies identified six of the more active strikers in the fight and subsequently arrested them. They are now in jail here.

Another detachment of deputies was at once formed to go in search of the four men held prisoners by the strikers. No trace of them has been seen, and it is feared they have been murdered by the strikers in revenge for the loss of the men hurt in to-day's battle. It is known that on the eve of the battle the workmen

that on the eve of the battle the workmen were subjected to the most inhuman barbarous treatment.

At 9 o'clock six more strikers were arrested at Lemont and sent to jail. It is officially stated that at least two hundred more arrests will be made as the result of the rioting and kidnaping. Matt Allen, who had charge of the men who stopped the charge of the mob to-day, is only twenty-three years old.

LATER—The deputies who have taken the field to find the kidnaped workmen have not given up the search, but will pushit until some news of the men or of what have not given up the search, but will push it until some news of the men or of what has befallen them is secured. Up to a late hour they have I read absolutely nothing. Everywhere the strikers are sullen and furious over the killing at Lemont, and the worst is feared for the poor fellows who were known to be in their power when the fight was lost by the mob. All over the south end of the region the turbulent spirit is astir, and it is noticeable that the law-less element is in the saddle now and the conservative leaders and counselors are unheeded. If the affair of to-day loes not precipitate another reign of terror in the coke regions the signs are all wrong.

FIRED ON A TRAIN.

Shot Through a Window of a Santa Fe Passenger Near Streator. TOLUCA, Ill., June 10 .- Just before the Santa Fe passenger, No. 5, arrived at Streator, this evening, some one fired a shot at the train. The ball went through a window glass in the smoker and missed the newsboy only a few inches. The shot caused quite a panic among the passengers. It is supposed the shot was fired by striking coal miners.

Order Quickly Restored at Pana. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 10 .- Governor Altgeld received a telegram from Colonel Bayle, at Pana, to-day, saying the First Regiment had arrived there at 6:30 a. m Everything was quiet and no trouble was at hand, the miners being awed by the presence of so many troops. General Orendorff took an engine and coach from here early this morning and went to Pana to ascertain the exact situation of affairs. Governor Altgeld says there is nothing new and no more troops have been ordered out. The Governor thinks the trouble at Pana will amount to nothing.

CLASH OF AUTHORITY.

Gov. Waite Threatens to Call Out

Militia to Suppress Deputies. DENVER, Col., June 10 .- Governor Waite, early this morning, in response to a telegram from General Brooks, commanding the militia at Cripple Creek, informing him that the deputies were advancing on Bull Hill, ordered the following telegram sent General Brooks: "If, as you say, Sheriff Bowers admits that the deputies refuse to obey his orders and are acting in defiance thereof, they are not a lawful body; are only armed marauders, and you must treat them as such. Order them to lay down their arms and disperse. If they refuse to obey, and you have not force enough to suppress this new insurrection, notify me, and I will call out enough organize militia to enforce the order."

Commissioner Boynton, in command of the deputies, was shown the order, and immediately wired his attorney, Hon. C. S. Thomas, this city, for advice. Mr. Thomas sent the following reply: "Mr. Boynton-The sheriff of the county, engaged in enforcing order, subduing or attempting to subdue armed resistance to the law or the authorities, or in overcoming those who defy the service of process, is discharging the obligations of his office and maintaining civil government. In doing this he may cail to his aid and deputize as many citizens as may be necessary, and no power, not even the federal government, has lawful authority to interfere with or disarm

Boynton denies that Sheriff Bowers has lost control of his men or that they are a

disorderly body. Women Took a Hand.

TRINIDAD, Col., June 10 .- At the Sopris mines yesterday a party of women, wives of the strikers, stationed themselves at the opening to the mine and attempted, by abusive language and throwing stones, to prevent the men from going to work. A Mexican miner was dumped in the mud and pounded with stones. A man was with them urging them on. He was placed under arrest with two of the most vicious of the women and lodged in jail. This ended the riot and there has been no trouble

Deputies Fired on at Bull Hill. CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., June 10 .- A party of fifteen deputies, while approaching Bull Hill this morning, on their way from camp to this place, were fired on from ambush by twenty miners. The deputies, being unprepared for battle, retreated without returning the fire. General Brooks called out enough militia to surround the miners and arrested them.

MORE TROUBLE AT MOUNDSVILLE. Another Coal Train Held Up and Militia Sent to the Scene.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., June 10 .- Governor MacCorkle is evidently perplexed at the condition of affairs at Bogg's run. A he told them to go back, saying he did not | telegram received at 11 o'clock to-day stated that a coal train had just been brought past the strikers without any trouble, and a dispatch received a short while after contained the information that a train had just been stopped by strikers a short distance below Moundsville, and that two companies of military would be sent at once to disperse the mob. At 6 o'clock no intelligence of the success or failure of the attempt had been received. The character of all the information which the Governor has received to-day up to the receipt of this last telegram indicated that the trouble had practically ended, and he hoped to be able to withdraw the military, probably within a very short time. This last outbreak, however, only confirms his original view, that the trouble is too deep-seated to be settled by the show of force on the scene. He said to-day that he had nine companies at Bogg's run, and that two more would be there by 8 o'clock to-night He says the entire military force of the State will be used, if necessary, in moving coal into Ohio and Pennsylvania. Since Adjutant-general Holley has gone to Bogg's run, his office is closed, and Governor Mac-Corkle communicates with the troops from his residence. He now has a wire direct to Bogg's run.

Four Bridges Burned. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 10 .- At an early hour this morning a bridge on Linton branch of the Louisville & Nashville railroad was burned. This is the third bridge that has been burned within the past four days, and all the fires are supposed to have been of incendiary origin. Suspicion points to the striking miners. Yesterday morning on the Kansas City, Memphis & Birmingham road, near Adamsville, a bridge was fired, but was discovered in time to prevent a train from running into it.

Burned a Trestle. CLEVELAND, O., June 10 .- Last night two men who had been placed on guard at a trestle on the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railroad, near New Philadelphia, O., were driven away by a mob of about four hundred men. The trestle, which was about sixty feet long, was set on fire and nearly destroyed. The railroad company expresses the fear that other bridges in that vicinity will be burned to-night, and the sheriff of Tuscarawas county has sworn in a large number of deputies to guard the

New York Y. M. C. A. Anniversary. NEW YORK, June 10.—A jubilee service commemorative of the fiftieth anniversary of the organization of the Young Men's Christian Association was held this afternoon in Association Hall, at Twenty-third street and Fourth avenue. Prof. Jasper Goodwin, chairman of the Twenty-third street branch of the association, preside Mornay Williams, director of the New York city association, spoke on "The Heritage of the Past." The Rev. G. M. Van Delip read the letter he wrote in May, 1851, suggesting the organization of the American branch

on, jr., and Hon. Austin Abbott, LL. D., dean of the New York University Law School, also made addresses.

TRAIN THROUGH A BRIDGE.

Wreck on the Canadian Pacific in Which Two Were Killed.

WINNIPEG, June 10 .- An accident occurred last night to the west-bound Canadian Pacific express, due here to-day, at the crossing of the Watawa river, about fifteen miles west of Fort William. Fires had destroyed the trestle bridge and, when in the center of that structure, it gave way. The engine and four cars were dropped in the river. The diner, one of the first-class cars and sleeper remained on the track. The wrecked cars took fire and almost the entire train was burned. It is feared other deaths have occurred besides those reported. The killed or missing are:

MRS. BARKER, drowned. She was a first-class passenger, en route to Elkhorn, Manitoba, from Ontario.

MERT BROWN, express messenger, of Toronto, missing and believed to be at the bottom of the river.

The injured were:

The injured were:
Fireman Whitehead; may not recover.
Engineer Elms, slightly injured.
Mrs. Bickie, of Middleville, Mich., en
route to Red Deer.

Several others were slightly injured. The train was running at high speed when the accident occurred. The body of Mrs Baker was found some distance down the river. All mail matter, including that from Montreal and Toronto, posted on Thursday, was burned, as was also all express matter, and baggage. matter and baggage.

BY 15,000 PLURALITY

SWEEPING REPUBLICAN VICTORY FOR GOVERNOR IN OREGON.

Col. Thompson Presided at the Terre Haute Convention - Judicial Nominations at Brazil.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 10 .- Complete returns from twenty-five countles and nearly complete returns from the remaining seven give the following vote for Governor: Lord, Republican, 40,094; Pierce, Populist, 25,451; Galloway, Democrat, 16,875; Kennedy, Prohibition, 1,926; Lord's plurality, 14,588. The few scattering returns yet to come in will

probably increase Lord's plurality. Bad News for Holman.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENSBURG, Ind., June 10 .- F. W. Zickendrath, chairman of the Democratic central committee of Decatur county, offered his resignation on Saturday as chairman of that committee. He was recently elected to the Common Council of this city and voted to make councilmen's salary \$4 a night instead of \$2, as heretofore, and since that unfortunate event he has been criticised in the severest terms, and now he steps down and out in the interest of harmony. The Democrats of this city are to meet in convention next Saturday and select delegates to the State, congressional and county conventions. When it comes to select congressional delegates there will be a lively contest to select all favorable to Holman. James E. Mendenhall, Holman's chief wire-puller, is here laying his plan to capture a solid delegation for Holman, Several active Democrats of this place have grown very tired of Holman, and they are proposing to give Mendenhall a lively tussle. There is a good deal of a commotion just now in this county from the fact that the Populists are absorbing a large number of Democrats who have grown tired of Democratic ways. Fully three hundred have indicated their preference for the Populist party.

Col. Thompson Made the Platform. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 10 .- The Republican county convention, which was held yesterday, concluded its labors in much less time than was anticipated. Col. Thompson opened the convention with a speech which was afterwards adopted unanimously as the platform of the convention. The Colonel said the country is in a crisis, and that in all the years he had watched the operations of the government he had never known a time when the country was in such a condition. The Colonel said that when he got up that morning he felt his eighty-five years, but that the presence of a great assemblage of Republicans had made him fifteen years younger. "Republicanism is better than all the doctors," he added. The ticket nominated is as follows: Superior judge, D. W. Henry; Representatives in the Legislature, Louis Finkbiner and Dr. Spaulding; prosecutor, Samuel Huston; clerk, David Watson; auditor, James Fowles; treasurer, W. L. Sandford; recorder, Charles Denny; sheriff, John But-ler; coroner, Dr. A. T. Payne; surveyor, W. H. Harris; commissioners, Thomas Ad-

ams and James Cochran.

Nominated at Brazil. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BRAZIL, Ind., June 10.-The Democratic judicial convention was held at the opera house in this city yesterday for the nomination of judge and prosecuting attorney for Clay and Putnam counties. Judge Mc-Gregor was unanimously nominated on the first ballot. P. O. Culver, H. H. Mathas, of Putnam county, and S. W. Curtis, of this city, withdrew their names before a vote was taken. John H. Jones, of Greencastle, being the only candidate for prosecutor, was nominated by acclamation

Marshall County Ticket.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PLYMOUTH, Ind., June 10 .- The Republicans of Marshall county met Saturday in this city and nominated the following ticket: Hon M. W. Simons, for Representative; John W. Wiltfong, clerk; O. R. Porter, auditor; J. W. Rankin, treasurer; D. C. Smith, sheriff; A. B. Dolph, commissioner First district; William Shunk, Second district; Jesse C. Warnes, surveyor; Dr. Jacob Keiser, coroner.

New York Democratic Negroes. NEW YORK, June 10 .- The Negro Democratic League of New York State will con-

vene in Syracuse on Tuesday, July 10. The only business to be transacted at this convention is the selection of two delegates to represent New York in the national convention which will convene in Indianapolis the second Tuesday in August, 1895 and for the selection of standing committees of the State league, as well as to prepare a plan of organization for the fall campaign in New York State.

BOUGHT BY CARNEGIE.

Interest in the Big Oliver Copper Mine Said to Have Been Sold.

DULUTH, Minn., June 10 .- A large interest in the Oliver mine has just been bought, it is said, on the best authority, by the Carnegie Steel Company, of Pittsburg. With the Carnegie people and the Oliver Iron and Steel Company owning the Oliver mine it is not outside the possibilities that the mine may send out a great deal more ore than the Norrie ever did. Some of the owners of the mine claim that there are not less than 340,000 tons in the mine, and the State lease to the property is only for twenty years. Another important matter in connection with the trade is the probable consolidation of the Capin and the Hamilton and Ludington mines at Iron Mountain, Mich. The Capin is being largely worked, and the others can and will be, though now idle. The Dunn mine, the original Schlesinger property, has also been started up. Although the ore shipments are large in the aggregate from all the ranges on Lake Superior. there is still a vast amount of ruffering among the laborers of the region, and this is likely to be worse the coming winter

than the last, severe as that was, New York Saloons Closed. NEW YORK, June 10 .- The order of perintendent Byrnes that the Sunday liquor traffic in the city must cease was

And Its Snowy Fleece Will Be Debated This Week.

Republicans Preparing to Pour Much Hot Shot Into the Free-Traders for Wood Only.

SHIPBUILDING AM ERICAN

Minority Report in the House Makes a Strong Plea.

Congressman Cooper Expects to Get a Day for Debate on His Bill to Tax Greenbacks.

WASHINGTON, June 10 .- It is expected on both sides of the Senate chamber that the woolen schedule will be reached during the present week in the consideration of the tariff bill. There is a tacit agreement among Republican and Democratic leaders that the debate shall be continued under the five-minute rule on the wines, cotton manufactures and flax schedule. Senator Aldrich, as the representative of the Republican side of the chamber, to-day expressed the opinion that these schedules would be disposed of with very little delay. He said that the understanding for fiveminute speeches would not be continued when the woolen schedule would be reached, and he expressed the opinion that three or four days' debate would be necessary before the wool and woolens schedule is acted on. Some of the Democratic leaders think the schedules may be disposed of in two days. This schedule will develop one of the most important debates connected with the bill. Next to the duty on sugar, free wool has attracted more attention than any other item in the bill, and there can be no doubt that many Republican Senators will make speeches vigorously assailing the

Democratic position. The Democrats, while not expecting or hoping to secure consideration of this schedule under the five-minute rule, are, nevertheless, hopeful that they can make an arrangement for the fixing of a definite number of days for the debate. It is understood that this is one end they have in view in arranging the preliminaries for night sessions, as they have been doing in securing pledges of Democratic Senators to remain until the steering committee shall consent to adjourn each day. This is to be an elastic arrangement, and late night sessions will be resorted to only in case of evident determination on the part of Republican Senators to delay a vote. This is not expected on any of the items which precede the woolen schedule, nor do many Senators think it will be undertaken in that connection. The Democratic leaders, however, regard it best to be prepared to meet the emergency if it should present it-self. They desire also, if it should prove that there is to be an unexpected number of long speeches on the woolen schedule. to work them off as rapidly as possible by resort to night sessions for that purpose. "We do not," said Senator Harris, "want

to impose any unnecessary hardships, but we want to make an impression on the bill during the week."

The House Programme. WASHINGTON, June 10 .- The Indian question in its various ramifications on schools, agents, rations and supply depots will continue to occupy the attention of the House the early days of the coming week. Judge Holman, in charge of the bill, said to-day that he expected to pass the bill by Tuesday night if he be not obliged to surrender on Monday to District of Columbia legislation, in which case he expects a

vote Wednesday. After that there are a number of important bills struggling for priority. The general deficiency bill will be reported to the House on Tuesday, and Chairman Sayers, of the appropriation committee, will urge its immediate consideration in order to clear the calendar of appropriation bills. Representative Sayers will be in charge of the deficiency bill notwithstanding the fact that Representative Breckinridge, of Kentucky, is chairman of the deficiency sub-

It is expected that Representative Hatch will try to have the anti-options bill follow the Indian bill. Representative Cooper. of Indiana, also expects to have a day set apart soon for his bill authorizing the taxation of greenbacks. Representative Livingstone, of Georgia, is pressing the bill for government aid to the cotton exposition in Atlanta. Chairman Culberson, of the judiciary committee, also wants early recog-nition for several important bills affecting federal court procedure, and the territorial statehoods bills are being vigorously pressed to the front. No exact order of priority for these bills has yet been made, but they are the measures which are to receive the earliest attention

THE MERCHANT MARINE.

Republican Report on the House Bill Defends American Ship Building.

WASHINGTON, June 10 .- The Republican minority of the House committee on merchant marine and fisheries has submitted to the House a report against the free shipping bill introduced by Representative Fithian, of Illinois, which the Democratic faction of the committee has recommended to the House. Representative Perkins, of Iowa, is the author of the report, and it also bears the signatures of Representatives Gillett, of Massachusetts, and Phillips, of Pennsylvania.

"The measure is more fitly entitled to designation as a bill to destroy American ship building in the interests of foreign countries," says Mr. Perkins. "The report of the majority is wholly occupied in placing the worst possible estimate on the present condition of our own merchant marine. The minority is not disposed to accept so dark a view nor disposed to make argument wholly on the darker side. The majority confines itself to the most discouraging view of American competitive efforts and makes this the only excuse for an abandonment of a distinctive national policy that has been undisturbed through all the successive changes of party and administration since its initiation at the very threshold of our government. No attempt is made to establish that the passage of this bill into law would prove helpful to the government of the United States or to the shipping interests of its citizens. The proposition is for an unconditional surrender to foreign powers both of the profits and safeguards involved in the maintenance of our independence as the builder of our "That the adoption of this course would

prove highly satisfactory to Great Britain and other important marine powers need not be questioned. That it would prove other than a humiliation to this Republic a certain disgrace and a possible disaster may be accepted as equally probable." The discussion of the question, continues the report, may be carried on apart from steamship owners who perform public service by transporting ocean mails undoubt-

the matter of "bounties" and "subsidies, to which the majority of the committee devote so much attention. It is improbable that a bounty system in the sense pointed out would be resorted to, and yet the statement of an American ship builder that ice by transporting ocean mails undoubt-edly expect pay for it, and there is no rea-son why this country may not pay for such service as well as countries with which it is chiefly in competition. During the year 1893 England, France, Germany, Russia and Italy paid, roughly, \$16,657.865 for transportation of mails by sea. Eng-land is acknowledged to have been so en-tirely successful in its maritime policy that it is now urged as uncless for the United it is now urged as useless for the United States to stand out longer against the com-plete domination by England of the ship-